



MUST BE 21+. PLEASE PLAY RESPONSIBLY, FOR HELP VISIT MDGAMBLINGHELP.ORG OR CALL 1-800-GAMBLER.

BLACKJACK



Blackjack, also known as 21, is one of the most popular casino card games in the world. Much of Blackjack's popularity is due to the mix of chance with elements of skill. When 21 was first introduced in the United States it was not very popular, so bonus payouts were offered to get players to the tables. One such bonus was when the player's hand consisted of the ace of spades and a black Jack (either the Jack of clubs or the Jack of spades). The hand was called a "Blackjack" and the name stuck to the game.

The object is to draw cards that add up to 21 or as close to it as possible. You are responsible for computing the point count of your own hand. The Jack, Queen and King count ten. The Ace counts as one or eleven. All other cards are counted at their face value.

Exceeding 21 is a "break" and you automatically lose. Depending on the total of your original cards, you can "stand" (draw no more cards) or take a "hit" (draw one or more cards – one at a time until you are satisfied with your count). If your total count is 21 or less and the point count of the dealer is in excess of 21, you win and the payout odds are 1 to 1. If your hand and the dealer's hand both total under 21 but your total count is higher, you win and the payout odds are 1 to 1. If you "break" (over 21), you lose, even if the dealer breaks. If your count is the same as the dealer's it is a standoff, or a "push."

Should the dealer draw a 3 or more card 21, this does not beat your 2 card 21 (Blackjack). If you have a 3 or more card 21 and the dealer has a 2 card 21 (Blackjack), you lose. If you achieve a score of 21 in two cards and a dealer achieves a score of 21 in more than two cards, you win.

Dealer must draw to 16, and stand on all 17's. In this game, everyone plays against the dealer's "hand." The dealer starts the game by dealing each player two cards from the dealing shoe, face up. The dealer's hand is dealt one card up and one card down. (The down card is called the "hole" card). The dealer is not to look at the face of the "hole" card until all additional cards have been dealt and all players' hands have been acted upon.

If the first two cards dealt to a player or dealer are any Ace and any 10, Jack, Queen, or King, the hand is considered a Blackjack. If the first face up card dealt to the dealer is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 and you have a Blackjack, the dealer shall announce and pay the Blackjack odds of 3 to 2 and shall remove your cards before any player receives a third card.

If the first face up card dealt to the dealer is an Ace, King, Queen, Jack or 10 and you have Blackjack the dealer shall announce the Blackjack but shall make no payment nor remove any cards until all other cards are dealt to the players and the dealer receives his second card. If, in such circumstances, the dealer's second card does not give him Blackjack, your Blackjack shall be paid at odds of 3 to 2. If however, the dealer's second card gives him Blackjack, the wager of the player having Blackjack shall be voided and constitute a push.

INSURANCE WAGERS

Whenever the first card dealt to the dealer is an Ace, you have the right to make an "insurance wager" which wins if the dealer's second card is a King, Queen, Jack or 10 and loses if the dealer's second card is an Ace, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9. Up to half of the initial wager may be bet as insurance after the second card is dealt and prior to any additional cards being dealt. Winning "insurance wagers" shall be paid to odds of 2 to 1.

DOUBLING DOWN

You may "double down" on any two cards or the first two of any split pair except for Blackjack or a count of 21 in two cards. You must make an additional wager not in excess of the amount of your original wager. Only one card is dealt to the hand.

SPLITTING PAIRS

You may split two cards of identical value by making a wager on the second hand so formed in an amount equal to the original wager. If the third card is of identical value, you may split one more time for a total of three hands. A pair of Aces may only be split one time and each will receive one card.

SURRENDER

After the dealer has checked for Blackjack, the player may "surrender" by giving up half their bet and not playing out the hand.

LUCKY LADIES™ SIDE BET

Lucky Ladies is an optional side bet on where you win if your hand totals 20 on your first two cards. If you are lucky enough to get suited 20 (both cards same suit), matched 20 (both cards the identical) or two Queen of Hearts the payouts get bigger.

| QUALIFYING HAND | PAYOUT |
|---|------------|
| 2 Queen of Hearts with Dealer Blackjack | 1,000 to 1 |
| 2 Queen of Hearts | 200 to 1 |
| Matched Pair | 25 to 1 |
| Suited Pair | 10 to 1 |
| Any 20 | 4 to 1 |

21+3 XTREME® SIDE BET

Your first two cards and the dealer up card make up your three card hand. Note: 3-2-Ace sequence wins. Blackjack house rules apply.

| QUALIFYING HAND | PAYOUT |
|-----------------|---------|
| Straight Flush | 30 to 1 |
| Three-of-a-Kind | 20 to 1 |
| Straight | 10 to 1 |
| Flush | 5 to 1 |

TRILUX SIDE BET

TriLux is a side bet based on the first two player cards and the dealer up card. It is similar to the 21+3 side bet, except adds a fixed bonus for the dealer on any winning hand.

| QUALIFYING HAND | PAYOUT |
|----------------------|----------|
| Mini Royal (A, K, Q) | 100 to 1 |
| Straight Flush | 30 to 1 |
| Three-of-a-Kind | 20 to 1 |
| Straight | 10 to 1 |
| Flush | 5 to 1 |

| SUPER 3 QUALIFYING HAND | PAYOUT |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Three-of-a-Kind (Suited) | 270 to 1 |
| Straight Flush | 180 to 1 |
| Three-of-a-Kind | 90 to 1 |

